### **Series GBM**

Code No. **90** 

Roll No.					Candidates must write the Code on the
Koli No.					title page of the answer-book.

- Please check that this question paper contains 9 printed pages.
- Code number given on the right hand side of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer-book by the candidate.
- Please check that this question paper contains 7 questions.
- Please write down the Serial Number of the question before attempting it.
- 15 minute time has been allotted to read this question paper. The question paper will be distributed at 10.15 a.m. From 10.15 a.m. to 10.30 a.m., the students will read the question paper only and will not write any answer on the answer-book during this period.

#### INFORMATICS PRACTICES

Time allowed: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 70

#### Instructions:

- (i) **All** questions are compulsory.
- Answer the questions after carefully reading the text. (ii)
- 1. (a) Identify the odd one out of the following: Optical Fiber/Coaxial Cable/Bluetooth/Twisted Pair Cable Give reason for your answer.
  - (b) How is it easier to diagnose fault in Star topology than in Bus topology?

2





(c)	What is the purpose of logical address of computer?
(c)	what is the purpose of logical address of computer?

(d) Does open source software only mean that the software is free of cost? Give reason for your answer.

(e) Which of the following are valid IP addresses ? Give reason(s) if invalid.

- (i) 121.23.1.45
- (ii) 192.168.0.254
- (iii) 192.168.0.1
- (iv) 198.-1.1.1

**2.** (a) Write the value that will be assigned to variable x after executing the following statement:

$$x = 20 - 5 + 3 * 20/5;$$

(b) Consider the statement:

```
choice = 'Y';
```

What is the datatype of variable choice? Write a Java statement to declare the variable 'choice'.

(c) While working in Netbeans IDE, Amit wants that the text in a Text area should move to the next line without breaking the word. Which properties would help him to do that?

(d) Write a Java statement to:

Append a string "ABC" to the text that is already in the text area named jTextArea1.

(e) Write the output of the following HTML code :

```
    Bake the mixture in oven for an hour
    Remove from oven
    Allow the mixture to stand for ten minutes
    Serve

</or>
```



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(f) Given below is a code.

Which language is used to write the above code?

What are <message>, </message>, <text> and </text> ?

(g) Rewrite the following code using if else if statement instead of switch:

```
switch (success) {
case -1:     x1 = "No result";
          break;
case 0 :     x1 = "Final result- Not successful";
          break;
default :     x1 = "result NOT known";
          break;
}
```

- **3.** (a) How is a database related to a table?
  - (b) Ariya wants to add another column 'Gender' in the already existing table 'CUSTOMERS'. She has written the following statement. However, it has errors. Rewrite the correct statement.

[MODIFY TABLE CUSTOMERS GENDER char(1);

(c) In a hospital, the patients are allocated to wards. A database named 'Hospital' is created. One table in this database is: Ward with WardId, WardName, NumOfBeds as columns and WardId as the primary key.

Write another suitable table you could expect to see in the 'Hospital' database, with 3 suitable columns identifying Primary key and Foreign key in the table that you expect.

(d) Explain the following statement with the help of example:

"In a transaction either all the SQL statements be committed or all rolled back."

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(e) Given below is the 'Department' table:

DEPCODE	DEPNAME
101	ADMIN
102	RECEPTION
103	PERSONNEL

```
SET AUTOCOMMIT = 0;
UPDATE Department SET DEPNAME = 'OFFICE' WHERE
DEPNAME = 'ADMIN';
INSERT INTO Department VALUES(104, 'HRD');
UPDATE Department SET DEPNAME = 'FRONT OFFICE' WHERE
DEPNAME = 'RECEPTION';
COMMIT;
DELETE FROM Department WHERE DEPNAME = 'FRONT
OFFICE';
ROLLBACK;
SELECT * FROM Department;
```

What will be the output of the above given SELECT statement?

(f) How is HAVING clause similar to WHERE clause? How is HAVING clause different from WHERE clause? Explain with the help of examples of each.

**4.** (a) Write the values of r and s after the execution of the following code:

```
int p = 11;
int q = 21;
int r;
int s;
r = ++q;
s = p++;
r++;
```

```
What will be displayed in jTextField1 and jTextField2 after the
(b)
     following code is executed:
                                                                      2
      int ndigits = 0;
      int N = 35;
     while (N > 12) {
           ndigits = ndigits + 1;
           N = N-10;
      }
     jTextField1.setText(" "+ndigits);
     jTextField2.setText(" "+N);
     Write the value of C after executing the following code:
(c)
                                                                      2
     int P;
     int R = 8;
     int oddNum;
      int C = 0;
      for (P = 1; P < R; P=P+3)
      {
           oddNum = P %2;
           if (oddNum == 1)
             {
                 C = C + 1;
             }
      }
(d)
     Write the value that will be stored in the variable t after the
     execution of the following code. How many times will the loop
     execute?
                                                                      2
     int sum = 0;
      int score = 0;
     double t;
             do
               {
                   score = score +1;
                   sum = sum + score;
               }
                while (score <=3);
```

t = sum / 3;

(e) The following code has error(s). Rewrite the correct code underlining all the corrections made:

```
int j;
int i =15;
int flag = 1;
    while( j = 2 j < i; j++)
    {
        if(i % j = 0)
        {
            flag == 0;
            break;
        }
    }</pre>
```

(f) Ms. Fauzia works as a programmer in "TelTel Mobile Company" where she has designed a software to compute charges to be paid by the mobile phone user. A screenshot of the same is shown below:

TelTel Mobile Com	pany
Name	
Mobile Phone Number	
Number of Calls Made	
Number of SMSs Sent	
	Mobile Data Plan
Calculate Charges Clear	Exit
Calls and SMS Charges:	
Mobile Data Plan Charges:	
Amount to Pay:	

Each Call is charged at ₹ 1.00.

Each SMS is charged at  $\neq 0.50$ .

Users can also opt for Mobile Data Plan. Charges for Mobile Data Plan are flat  $\geq 50.00$ .

Help Ms. Fauzia in writing the code to do the following:

- (i) When the 'Calculate Charges' button is clicked, 'Calls and SMS Charges', 'Mobile Data Plan Charges' and 'Amount to Pay' should be calculated and displayed in the respective text fields.
  - 'Amount to Pay' is calculated as :
    Calls and SMS Charges + Mobile Data Plan Charges (if any)
- (ii) When the 'Clear' button is clicked, all the textfields and checkbox should be cleared.
- (iii) When the 'Exit' button is clicked, the application should close.

#### **5.** Consider the Table "Infant" shown below:

Table: Infant

ItemCode	Item	DatePurchase	UnitPrice	Discount
101	Frock	2016-01-23	700	10
102	Cot	2015-09-23	5000	25
103	Soft Toy	2016-06-17	800	10
104	Baby Socks	2014-10-16	100	7
105	Baby Suit	2015-09-20	500	5

*Note*: Discount column stores discount %.

Write the commands in SQL for (i) to (viii) and output for (ix) and (x).

- (i) To display the details about the Cot.
- (ii) To list the names of items and their unit price that have unit price less than 800 and discount more than 5%.
- (iii) To list the names of items and their date of purchase that were purchased after 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2015.
- (iv) To display the number of items that have more than 10% as discount. 1
- (v) To display item code and unit price in decreasing order of unit price.

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- To increase the unit price of each item by 10% of their unit price. (vi)
- (vii) To display the highest unit price of items.

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To display the names of items that have 'Baby' anywhere in their (viii) item names.

1

(ix)SELECT MID (Item, 1, 2) FROM Infant; 1

 $(\mathbf{x})$ SELECT AVG (UnitPrice) FROM Infant WHERE DATEPURCHASE > \2015-01-01';

1

"XYZ" Company conducts workshops for employees of organizations. 6. (a) The company requires data of workshops that are organized. Write SQL query to create a table 'Workshop' with the following structure : 2

Field	Туре	Constraint
WorkshopId	Integer	Primary key
Title	Varchar(50)	
DateWorkshop	Date	
NumSpeakers	Integer	

Consider the tables given below and answer the questions that follow: 2 (b)

Table: Event

EventId	Event	NumPerformers	CelebrityID
101	Birthday	10	C102
102	Promotion Party	20	C103
103	Engagement	12	C102
104	Wedding	15	C104

**Table: Celebrity** 

CelebrityID	Name	Phone	FeeCharged
C101	Faiz Khan	99101956	200000
C102	Sanjay Kumar	893466448	250000
C103	Neera Khan Kapoor	981166568	300000
C104	Reena Bhatia	65877756	100000

- (i) Name the Primary keys in both the tables and Foreign key in 'Event' table.Can NumPerformers (Number for performers) be set as the Primary key? Give reason.
- (ii) How many rows will be present in the Cartesian join of the above mentioned two tables?In the table 'Event', the CelebrityID 102 is present twice in the column "CelebrityId". Is there any discrepancy? Give reason.
- (c) With reference to the above given tables (in Q6 b), write the commands in SQL for (i) to (iii).
  - (i) To display EventId, Event name, Celebrity Id and Names of celebrities for only those events that have more than 10 performers.
  - (ii) To display Event name, Celebrity Id and Names of celebrities who have "Khan" anywhere in their names.
  - (iii) To display Event name, Names of celebrities and Fee charged for those celebrities who charge more than 200000.
- **7.** (a) List two disadvantages of e-governance to a disabled person.
  - (b) How do online retailers usually offer customers a wider range of products at prices that are lesser than those of traditional stores?
  - (c) Ms. Cathy is creating a form for Vidya University Sports Council application. Help her to choose the most appropriate controls from ListBox, ComboBox, TextField, TextArea, RadioButton, CheckBox, Label and Command Button for the following entries:

S.No.	Function
1	To let the user enter NAME
2	To let the user enter MOBILE NUMBER
3	To let the user choose one PROFESSION out of the categories : Teaching/Non-Teaching/Research Scholar
4	To let the user select facilities out of Gym, Yoga, Table Tennis, Badminton and Aerobics. More than one facility may be chosen.

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(Sub Code:065 Paper Code 90/Outside Delhi)

#### **General Instructions:**

- Marking scheme is the final document for all references with regard to evaluation and cannot be altered under any circumstances.
- The answers given in the marking scheme are SUGGESTIVE, Examiners are requested to award marks for all alternative correct Solutions/Answers conveying the similar meaning.
- All programming questions have to be answered with respect to Java Language only.
- In Java, ignore case sensitivity for identifiers (Variable / Functions ).
- In SQL related questions both ways of text/character entries should be acceptable for Example: "AMAR" and 'amar' both are correct.
- In SQL related questions semicolon should be ignored for terminating the SQL statements.
- In SQL related questions, ignore case sensitivity.
- In SQL related questions, ignore column headers in outputs.

1	(a)	Identify odd one out of the following:	
	` ,	Optical Fiber/Coaxial Cable/ Bluetooth/Twisted Pair Cable.	
		Give reason for your answer.	
	Ans	Odd one : Bluetooth	
		Reason: Bluetooth is a wireless/unguided communication media while others are wired/guided communication media.	
		(1 mark for each part)	
	(b)	How is it easier to diagnose fault in Star topology than in Bus topology?	
,	Ans	In Star topology each node is directly connected to a central hub / switch, hence fault diagnosis becomes easy.	
		In bus topology all the nodes are connected to the backbone cable. The signal	
		travels through the entire length of the backbone and is received by the node	
		for which it is intended. Hence, fault diagnosis is difficult.	
		(2 marks for correct answer)	
		NOTE: $\frac{1}{2}$ mark each for both topologies if are explained using either	
		diagrams / text.	
	(c)	diagrams / text.  What is the purpose of logical address of computer?	
	(c)	<u> </u>	
	(c)	What is the purpose of logical address of computer?  NOTE: Full 2 marks to be given if any part of question no. 1 is attempted	
		What is the purpose of logical address of computer?  NOTE: Full 2 marks to be given if any part of question no. 1 is attempted correctly.	
	(d)	What is the purpose of logical address of computer?  NOTE: Full 2 marks to be given if any part of question no. 1 is attempted correctly.  Does Open source software only mean that the software is free of cost? Give	
	(d)	What is the purpose of logical address of computer?  NOTE: Full 2 marks to be given if any part of question no. 1 is attempted correctly.  Does Open source software only mean that the software is free of cost? Give reason for your answer.	
	(d)	What is the purpose of logical address of computer?  NOTE: Full 2 marks to be given if any part of question no. 1 is attempted correctly.  Does Open source software only mean that the software is free of cost? Give reason for your answer.  No, it does not only mean that the software is free of cost.	
	(d)	What is the purpose of logical address of computer?  NOTE: Full 2 marks to be given if any part of question no. 1 is attempted correctly.  Does Open source software only mean that the software is free of cost? Give reason for your answer.  No , it does not only mean that the software is free of cost.  Reason: It also means that the source code is available to user with freedom	



	i) 121.23.1.45 ii) 192.168.0. 254 iii) 192.168.0.1 iv) 1981.1.1	
A	Valid IP addresses: (i), (ii), (iii) Invalid IP address: (iv) 1981.1.1 because an IP address is a group of four bytes; each of which can be a number from 0 to 255.	
	(1 mark for stating all the three valid IP addresses  OR  ½ mark for stating any two valid IP addresses)  (½ mark for mentioning invalid address, ½ mark for the reason)	
2	Write the value that will be assigned to variable x after executing the following statement: $x = 20 -5 + 3 * 20/5$ ;	1
A	s 27	
	(1 Mark for correct answer)	
	Consider the statement:  choice = `Y';  What is the datatype of variable choice? Write Java statement to declare the variable 'choice'.	1
A	The data type of the variable choice is char.  Declaration: char choice;	
	(½ mark for stating datatype as char) (½ mark for declaration) NOTE: char choice = `Y'; to be accepted as correct answer and 1 Mark to be allotted.	
	While working in Netbeans IDE, Amit wants that the text in a Text area should move to the next line without breaking the word. Which properties would help him do that?	1
4	s wrapStyleWord property, lineWrap property	
	(1 mark for correct answer)  NOTE: Full 1 mark to be allotted if any one of the above properties is mentioned	
	Write Java statement to: Append a string "ABC" to the text that is already in the text area named jTextArea1.	1
A	<pre>S jTextArea1.append("" +"ABC"); OR jTextArea1.append("ABC"); OR</pre>	



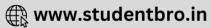
1	T	7
	jTextArea1.append("ABC"+" ");	
	( 1 mark for correct answer ) NOTE: (½ mark to be allotted if setText is mentioned instead of append)	
(2)		1
(e)	Write the output of the following HTML code. <ol start="4"></ol>	
	<pre><li>Bake the mixture in oven for an hour</li></pre>	
	<li>Remove from oven</li>	
	<pre><li>Allow the mixture to stand for ten minutes</li></pre>	
	<li>Serve</li>	
Ans	4 Bake the mixture in the oven for an hour	
	5 Remove from oven	
	6 Allow the mixture to stand for ten minutes	
	7 Serve	
	(½ mark for each line of output)	
	NOTE: Full 2 marks to be allotted if:	
	mentioned as an error  OR	
	'Error' as <1i> is an empty tag is mentioned	
	OR	
	'No output' / 'Error' is mentioned	
(f)	Given below is a code.	
	<message></message>	
	<text>Hello, world!</text>	
	<pre> Which language is used to write the above code?</pre>	
	What are <message>, </message> , <text> and </text> ?	
Ans	Language used is XML	
	<pre><message>, </message>,<text> and </text> are user defined tags</pre>	•
	OR tags OR container tags OR <message>, </message> is the root	
	element and <text>, </text> is the child element.	
	(1 mark for each part)	
(g)	Rewrite the following code using if else if statement instead of switch:	
	switch (success) {	
	<pre>case -1: x1 = "No result" ;     break;</pre>	
	case 0: x1 = "Final result- Not successful";	
	break;	
	<pre>default: x1 = "result NOT known";</pre>	
	break;	
	}	

	Ans	<pre>if (success == -1)     x1= "No result"; else if (success == 0)     x1= "Final result -Not successful"; else     x1= "result NOT known";</pre>	
		(2 marks for correct if-else-if construct and conditions) OR (1 mark for correct use of if-else-if construct) (1 mark for correct conditions)	
3	(a)	How is a database related to a table ?	1
	Ans	Database contains related tables.  OR  Database contains tables.	
	(b)	(1 mark for any correct answer)  Ariya wants to add another column 'Gender' in the already existing table 'CUSTOMERS'. She has written the following statement. However, it has errors. Rewrite the correct statement.  [MODIFY TABLE CUSTOMERS GENDER char(1);	
	Ans	ALTER TABLE CUSTOMERS ADD GENDER CHAR(1); OR ALTER TABLE CUSTOMERS ADD GENDER CHAR; OR ALTER TABLE CUSTOMERS ADD COLUMN GENDER CHAR; OR ALTER TABLE CUSTOMERS ADD COLUMN GENDER CHAR; ADD COLUMN GENDER CHAR(1);	
		(½ mark for ALTER TABLE) (½ mark for ADD clause) NOTE: VARCHAR(1) in place of CHAR should be accepted	
	(c)	In a hospital, the patients are allocated to wards. A database named 'Hospital' is created. One table in this database is: WARD with WardId, WardName, NumOfBeds as columns and WardId as the primary key. Write another suitable table you could expect to see in the 'Hospital' database, with 3 suitable columns identifying Primary key and Foreign key in the table that you expect.	
	Ans	Example: Table - Patient Columns - PatientId, PatientName, WardId Patient Id - Primary Key WardId - Foreign Key	



i	OR Any other suitable table	e mentioning	g its primary key and 1	foreign key.
	( 1 mark for writing ar			<u> </u>
İ	OR ½ mark for writing	-		5)
	(½ mark for mention	-		•
	( ½ mark for mention	ing the For	eign Key)	
	NOTE : Tabular repres	sentation al	so to be accepted	
(d)	'		•	
Ì	"In a transaction eithe	er all the SC	L statements be cor	nmitted or all rolled
<u> </u>	back."			
Ans	Any MySQL example s	_		AUTOCOMMIT to be
	accepted OR definition		on	
	(2 marks for the corre NOTE : Full 2 marks to	,	f 3(e) or 3(f) is atten	nnted
(e)			, , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	ipteu.
(0)	Given below is the be	.partificit	table.	
1	DEP	CODE	DEPNAME	
	101	1	ADMIN	
Ī	102	I	RECEPTION	
	103	]	PERSONNEL	
ji	TIDDATE DEDADTMENT	ית מביים חי	UES(104,'HRD');	P OPPTOP/ WUPDE
	UPDATE DEPARTMENT DEPNAME = 'RECEPT' COMMIT; DELETE FROM DEPART	ION';	EPNAME = 'FRONT	
	DEPNAME = 'RECEPT' COMMIT; DELETE FROM DEPAR' ROLLBACK;	ION'; TMENT WHE	EPNAME = 'FRONT	
	DEPNAME = 'RECEPT' COMMIT; DELETE FROM DEPAR' ROLLBACK; SELECT * FROM DEPAR	ION'; TMENT WHE ARTMENT;	EPNAME = 'FRONT RE DEPNAME = 'FRO	ONT OFFICE';
	DEPNAME = 'RECEPT' COMMIT; DELETE FROM DEPAR' ROLLBACK;	ION'; TMENT WHE ARTMENT;	EPNAME = 'FRONT RE DEPNAME = 'FRO	ONT OFFICE';
Ans	DEPNAME = 'RECEPT' COMMIT; DELETE FROM DEPAR' ROLLBACK; SELECT * FROM DEPAR	ION'; TMENT WHE  ARTMENT; t of the abo	EPNAME = 'FRONT  RE DEPNAME = 'FRONT  ve given SELECT state	ONT OFFICE';
Ans	DEPNAME = 'RECEPT' COMMIT; DELETE FROM DEPAR' ROLLBACK; SELECT * FROM DEPAR	ION';  TMENT WHE  ARTMENT;  t of the abo  DEPCODE	EPNAME = 'FRONT  RE DEPNAME = 'FRONT  ve given SELECT state  DEPNAME	ONT OFFICE';
Ans	DEPNAME = 'RECEPT' COMMIT; DELETE FROM DEPAR' ROLLBACK; SELECT * FROM DEPAR	ION';  TMENT WHE  ARTMENT; t of the abo  DEPCODE  101	PNAME = 'FRONT  RE DEPNAME = 'FRONT  ve given SELECT state  DEPNAME  OFFICE	ONT OFFICE';
Ans	DEPNAME = 'RECEPT' COMMIT; DELETE FROM DEPAR' ROLLBACK; SELECT * FROM DEPAR	ION'; TMENT WHE ARTMENT; t of the abo  DEPCODE 101 102	PNAME = 'FRONT  RE DEPNAME = 'FRONT  Ve given SELECT state  DEPNAME  OFFICE  FRONT OFFICE	ONT OFFICE';
Ans	DEPNAME = 'RECEPT' COMMIT; DELETE FROM DEPAR' ROLLBACK; SELECT * FROM DEPAR	ION'; TMENT WHE ARTMENT; t of the abo  DEPCODE 101 102 103	PNAME = 'FRONT  RE DEPNAME = 'FRONT  Ve given SELECT state  DEPNAME  OFFICE  FRONT OFFICE  PERSONNEL	ONT OFFICE';
Ans	DEPNAME = 'RECEPT' COMMIT; DELETE FROM DEPAR' ROLLBACK; SELECT * FROM DEPAR	ION'; TMENT WHE ARTMENT; t of the abo  DEPCODE 101 102	PNAME = 'FRONT  RE DEPNAME = 'FRONT  Ve given SELECT state  DEPNAME  OFFICE  FRONT OFFICE	ONT OFFICE';
Ans	DEPNAME = 'RECEPT' COMMIT; DELETE FROM DEPAR' ROLLBACK; SELECT * FROM DEPAR	ION'; TMENT WHE ARTMENT; t of the abo  DEPCODE 101 102 103 104	PNAME = 'FRONT  RE DEPNAME = 'FRONT  Ve given SELECT state  DEPNAME  OFFICE  FRONT OFFICE  PERSONNEL	ONT OFFICE';
Ans (f)	DEPNAME = 'RECEPT' COMMIT; DELETE FROM DEPAR' ROLLBACK; SELECT * FROM DEPAR' What will be the outpu	ION'; TMENT WHE ARTMENT; t of the abo  DEPCODE 101 102 103 104  of output)	PNAME = 'FRONT  RE DEPNAME = 'FRONT  Ve given SELECT state  DEPNAME  OFFICE  FRONT OFFICE  PERSONNEL  HRD	ONT OFFICE';
	DEPNAME = 'RECEPT' COMMIT; DELETE FROM DEPAR' ROLLBACK; SELECT * FROM DEPAR' What will be the outpu	ION'; TMENT WHE ARTMENT; t of the abo  DEPCODE 101 102 103 104  of output) se similar to	PNAME = 'FRONT  RE DEPNAME = 'FRONT  Ve given SELECT state  DEPNAME  OFFICE  FRONT OFFICE  PERSONNEL  HRD  O WHERE clause? Ho	ONT OFFICE'; ement?  w is HAVING clause
(f)	DEPNAME = 'RECEPT' COMMIT; DELETE FROM DEPAR' ROLLBACK; SELECT * FROM DEPAR' What will be the outpu  (1/2 mark for each line of the beauty) How is HAVING clause	TMENT WHE  ARTMENT; t of the abo  DEPCODE  101  102  103  104  of output) se similar to clause? Explain	PNAME = 'FRONT  RE DEPNAME = 'FRONT  DEPNAME  OFFICE  FRONT OFFICE  PERSONNEL  HRD  O WHERE clause? Ho  ain with the help of ex	ont Office';  ment?  w is HAVING clause camples of each.





```
used for conditions with group of values.
        e.g.
        WHERE clause:
        SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE DEPT = "PHYSICS " ;
        HAVING clause:
        SELECT SUM(SALARY), DEPT FROM EMP
        GROUP BY DEPT HAVING COUNT (*) > 3;
        OR
        Any other valid example
        (½ mark for Similarity)
        (1/2 mark for Difference)
        (1/2 mark for any correct example of WHERE clause)
        (\frac{1}{2} mark for any correct example of HAVING clause)
        NOTE: 1 mark each for Similarity and Difference to be allotted if
        explained with the help of valid example.
    (a) Write the values of r and s after execution of following code:
4
                                                                                1
              int p = 11;
              int q = 21;
              int r;
              int s;
              r = ++q;
              s = p++;
              r++;
    Ans r = 23
        s = 11
        (1/2 mark for each correct answer)
    (b) What will be displayed in jTextField1 and jTextField2 after the following 2
         code is executed:
         int ndigits = 0;
         int N = 35;
         while (N > 12) {
              ndigits = ndigits + 1;
              N = N-10;
         jTextField1.setText(" "+ndigits);
         jTextField2.setText(" "+N);
    Ans jTextField1 will display 3
        jTextField2 will display 5
        (1 mark for each correct answer)
                                                                                2
         Write the value of C after executing the following code:
    (c)
         int P;
         int R = 8;
```



```
int oddNum;
    int C = 0;
    for (P = 1; P < R; P=P+3)
          oddNum = P %2;
          if (oddNum == 1)
          {
                C= C+1;
          }
    }
Ans 2
    (2 marks for correct value of C)
    Write the value that will be stored in variable t after the execution of the 2
    following code . How many times will the loop execute?
    int sum = 0;
    int score = 0;
    double t;
    do
       score = score +1;
       sum = sum + score;
    while (score <=3);
    t = sum / 3;
Ans Value of t will be 3.0
    Loop executes 4 times
    NOTE: 3 and 3.3 for value of t should also be accepted
    (1 mark for correct value of 't')
    (1 mark for correct number of iterations)
(e) The following code has error(s). Rewrite the correct code underlining all the 2
    corrections made:
    int j;
    int i = 15;
    int flag = 1;
    while(j = 2 j < i; j++)
      if(i % j = 0)
         flag == 0;
        break;
       }
    }
Ans | Corrected code :
    int j;
```





```
int i = 15;
int flag = 1;
<u>for(j = 2;</u> j < i ; j++)
   if ( i % j = = 0)
        flag = 0;
        break ;
 }
OR
int j;
int i = 15;
int flag = 1;
j=2;
while (j < i)
   if ( i % j = = 0)
        flag = 0;
        break ;
    <u>j++;</u>
(½ mark each for correcting any four errors)
(1 mark for only identifying any four errors - without making any
corrections)
Ms. Fauzia works as a programmer in "TelTel Mobile Company" where she has
designed a software to compute charges to be paid by the mobile phone
user. A screenshot of the same is shown below:
                    TelTel Mobile Company
         Name
         Mobile Phone Number
         Number of Calls Made
         Number of SMSs Sent
                                   Mobile Data Plan
          Calculate Charges
                                 Clear
               Calls and SMS Charges:
               Mobile Data Plan Charges:
               Amount to Pay:
```



```
Each Call is charged at Rs.1.00.
    Each SMS is charged at Rs. 0.50.
    Users can also opt for Mobile Data Plan. Charges for Mobile Data Plan are flat
    Help Ms. Fauzia in writing the code to do the following:
(i)
    When the 'Calculate Charges' button is clicked, 'Calls and SMS Charges',
    'Mobile Data Plan Charges' and 'Amount to Pay' should be calculated and
    displayed in the respective text fields.
     'Amount to Pay' is calculated as:
    Calls and SMS Charges + Mobile Data Plan Charges(if any)
                                                                         4
Ans int Calls, Sms;
    double Total,dataAmt = 0, grandTot, callsChg ,smsChg;
    Calls = Integer.parseInt(jTextField3.getText());
    Sms = Integer.parseInt(jTextField4.getText());
    callsChg = Calls * 1.00 ;
    smsChg = Sms * 0.5;
    Total = callsChg + smsChg;//Total=(Calls*1.00)+(Sms*0.5);
    if (jCheckBox1.isSelected())
      dataAmt = 50.00;
    grandTot = Total + dataAmt;
    jTextField5.setText(""+ Total);
    jTextField6.setText(""+dataAmt);
    jTextField7.setText(""+grandTot);
    (1 mark for calculating 'Amount to Pay')
    (1 mark for correct use of if statement)
    (1 mark for calculating and displaying 'Grand Total')
    (1/2 mark for displaying 'Calls and SMS Charges')
    (1/2 mark for displaying 'Mobile Plan charges')
    When 'Clear' button is clicked, all the textfields and checkbox should be 1
(ii)
    cleared.
    jTextField1.setText("");
    jTextField2.setText("");
    jTextField3.setText("");
    jTextField4.setText("");
    jTextField5.setText("");
    jTextField6.setText("");
    jTextField7.setText("");
    jCheckBox1.setSelected(false);
        mark for clearing any TextField and ½ mark for clearing the
    (1/2
    CheckBox)
    NOTE: NULL in place of "" to be accepted for clearing text field.
```

	(iii)	When the 'Fxit	,	ked, the application	should close		1
	(,	System.exit		tea, the application		•	<u> </u>
							-
_		` •	orrect answer)				
5		Consider the T  Table: Infant	able "Infant"	shown below.			
		ItemCode	Item	DatePurchase	UnitPrice	Discount	
		101	Frock	2016-01-23	700	10	
		102	Cot	2015-09-23	5000	25	
		103	Soft Toy	2016-06-17	800	10	
		104	Baby Socks	2014-10-16	100	7	
		105	Baby Suit	2015-09-20	500	5	
		NOTE: Discoun Write the comr To display the	nands in SQL fo	or (i) to (viii) and ou	tput for (ix) a	and (x)	1
		. ,					<u> </u>
	Ans	OR		HERE Item='Cot'			
				HERE Item IN('C	ot');		
		(1/2 mark for S	•				
	4	(½ mark for w		1.1			
	(ii)		nes of items ar int more than 5	nd their unit price 5%.	that have uni	t price less than	1
	Ans	SELECT Item WHERE UnitP	•	FROM Infant D Discount>5;			
		NOTE: && sho	uld be accept	ed in place of 'ANL	) <i>'</i>		
		(½ mark for	•				
		(½ mark for	WHERE)				
	(iii)	To list the na after 31st Dece		and their date of p	urchase that	were purchased	1
		SELECT Item WHERE DateP	•	ase FROM Infant 15-12-31';	1		
		SELECT Item WHERE DateP		ase FROM Infant 151231;	:		
		(½ mark for s (½ mark for s	•				
	(iv)	,		ns that have more t	han 10% as di	iscount	1
	, ,	SELECT COU					
		WHERE Disco	unt > 10;				
		(½ mark for	SELECT)				





(\)	(½ mark for WHERE)
(v)	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Ans	SELECT ItemCODE, UnitPrice FROM Infant ORDER BY UnitPrice DESC;
	(½ mark for SELECT) (½ mark for ORDER BY)
(vi)	To increase the Unit price of each item by 10% of their unit price.
Ans	UPDATE Infant  SET UnitPrice = 1.10 * UnitPrice;  OR  UPDATE Infant  SET UnitPrice = UnitPrice + .10 * UnitPrice;  OR  UPDATE Infant  SET UnitPrice = UnitPrice + 10/100 * UnitPrice;
	(½ mark for UPDATE) (½ mark for SET)
(vii)	To display the highest unit price of items.
Ans	SELECT MAX(UnitPrice) FROM Infant;
	(½ mark for SELECT) (½ mark for MAX())
(viii )	To display the names of items that have 'Baby' anywhere in their item name
Ans	SELECT Item FROM Infant
	WHERE Item LIKE \%Baby%';
	(½ mark for SELECT) (½ mark for LIKE Clause)
(ix)	SELECT MID(Item,1,2) FROM Infant;
Ans	MID(Item,1,2) Fr Co So Ba Ba
	(1 mark for correct output)
(x)	SELECT AVG(UnitPrice) FROM Infant WHERE DATEPURCHASE >'2015-01-01';
Ans	AVG (UnitPrice)

		OR										
			<u>itPrice)</u>									
		1925.0 NOTE: Option 2 to be accepted if updation is taken into consideration										
		NOTE:	Option 2	to be accepted if u	pda	tion is taken	into considera	tion.				
		(1 mark	for corre	ect output)								
	(a)	"YY7" (	Company	conducts workshops	fo	r employees	of organizatio	ns The				
	(a)	compan	y requires	data of workshops orkshop' with the fo	tha	t are organiz	ed. Write SQL o					
			Field	Туре		C	onstraint					
			Workshop	old integer	-	Р	rimary Key					
			Title	Varcha	r(50	))						
			DateWork	shop Date								
			NumSpea	kers Intege	-							
_			TABLE V									
	(b)	( ½ mai	rk for PRI	mn Names with Dat								
	·	Conside	i the table	es given below and a	nsw		ons that follow :					
	` ′	Conside	T LITE LADIE	es given below and a <b>Table: Event</b>			ons that follow :	•				
		Conside	EventId	-	:		ons that follow:	]				
		Conside	<u> </u>	Table: Event	:	er the question	T					
		Conside	EventId	Table: Event	Nu	er the question	CelebrityID					
		Conside	EventId	Table: Event  Event  Birthday	Nu 10	er the question  mPerformers  )	CelebrityID					
		Conside	EventId 101 102	Table: Event Event Birthday Promotion Party	Nu 10 20	er the question  mPerformers  )	CelebrityID C102 C103					
		Conside	EventId 101 102 103	Table: Event Event Birthday Promotion Party Engagement	Nu 10 20 12 15	er the question  ImPerformers  ) )	CelebrityID C102 C103 C102					
			EventId 101 102 103	Table: Event  Event  Birthday  Promotion Party  Engagement  Wedding	Nu 10 20 12 15	er the question  ImPerformers  ) )	CelebrityID C102 C103 C102					
		C	EventId 101 102 103 104	Table: Event  Event  Birthday  Promotion Party  Engagement  Wedding  Table:	Nu 10 20 12 15	er the question  mPerformers  )  2  ebrity	CelebrityID C102 C103 C102 C104					
		C	EventId 101 102 103 104 CelebrityID	Table: Event  Event  Birthday  Promotion Party  Engagement  Wedding  Table:  Name	Nu 10 20 12 15	er the question  mPerformers  )  2  bebrity  Phone	CelebrityID C102 C103 C102 C104 FeeCharged					
		C	EventId 101 102 103 104 CelebrityID	Table: Event  Event  Birthday  Promotion Party  Engagement  Wedding  Table:  Name  Faiz Khan	Nu 10 20 12 15 Celo	er the question  mPerformers  construction  property  Phone  99101956  893466448	CelebrityID C102 C103 C102 C104  FeeCharged 200000					
		C	EventId  101  102  103  104  CelebrityID  101	Table: Event  Event  Birthday  Promotion Party  Engagement  Wedding  Table:  Name  Faiz Khan  Sanjay Kumar	Nu 10 20 12 15 Celo	er the question  mPerformers  construction  property  Phone  99101956  893466448	CelebrityID C102 C103 C102 C104  FeeCharged 200000 250000					
		C	EventId 101 102 103 104  CelebrityID 102 103	Table: Event  Event  Birthday  Promotion Party  Engagement  Wedding  Table:  Name  Faiz Khan  Sanjay Kumar  Neera Khan Kapo	Nu 10 20 12 15 Celo	er the question  mPerformers  construction  ebrity  Phone  99101956  893466448  981166568	CelebrityID C102 C103 C102 C104  FeeCharged 200000 250000 300000					
	(i)	0 0	EventId 101 102 103 104  CelebrityID 2102 2103 2104	Table: Event  Event  Birthday  Promotion Party  Engagement  Wedding  Table:  Name  Faiz Khan  Sanjay Kumar  Neera Khan Kapo	10 20 12 15 Celo	er the question  ImPerformers  D  D  E  E  Phone  99101956  893466448  981166568  65877756	CelebrityID C102 C103 C102 C104  FeeCharged 200000 250000 300000 100000					
		C C C	EventId  101  102  103  104  CelebrityID  101  102  103  104  he Primary	Table: Event  Event  Birthday  Promotion Party  Engagement  Wedding  Table:  Name  Faiz Khan  Sanjay Kumar  Neera Khan Kapo  Reena Bhatia	Nu 10 20 12 15 Celo	er the question  ImPerformers  D  E  E  B  Phone  99101956  893466448  981166568  65877756  and Foreign	CelebrityID C102 C103 C102 C104  FeeCharged 200000 250000 300000 100000	able.				





۸۰۰	Table: Event	
АΠЅ	Table: Event  PRIMARY KEY - EventId	
	Table: Celebrity	
	PRIMARY KEY - CelebrityID	
	Table : Event	
	FOREIGN KEY - CelebrityID	
	FOREIGN REI CCCDITCID	
	No, NumPerformers cannot be set as Primary key because	
	It may not be unique in every row (when more rows are added to the table	
	later)	
	NOTE: Yes, should also be considered as in the given table NumPerformers contains UNIQUE and NOT NULL values.	
	( $\frac{1}{2}$ mark for PRIMARY KEY of both tables and FOREIGN KEY of Event table)	
	(½ mark for stating Yes / No and/or with correct reason)	
(ii)	How many rows will be present in the Cartesian join of the above mentioned 2 tables?	
	In the table 'Event', the CelebrityID 102 is present twice in the column "CelebrityId". Is there any discrepancy? Give reason.	
Ans	Number of rows in the Cartesian join = 16	
	No discrepancy. Because the same Celebrity may perform in more than one events.	
	NOTE:	
	"It is a foreign key column, hence it can store duplicate values" may also be accepted.	
	(½ mark for stating the numbers of rows )	
	(½ mark for stating no discrepancy without stating reason)	
(c)	With reference to the above given tables (in Q6 b), Write commands in SQL	
	for (i) to (iii)	
(i)	To display EventId, Event name, Celebrity Id and Names of celebrities for	
	only those events that have more than 10 performers.	
	SELECT EventId, Event, Event.CelebrityId, NAME	
(i)	FROM Event, Celebrity	
İ	WHERE Event.CelebrityId = Celebrity.CelebrityId AND	
	NumPerformers>10;	
	OR	
	SELECT EventId, Event, E.CelebrityId, Name	
	FROM Event E, Celebrity C	
	<pre>WHERE E.CelebrityId = C.CelebrityId AND NumPerformers&gt;10;</pre>	L
	(½ mark for SELECT)	
	(½ mark for FROM)	
	(½ mark for correct use of Join)	



	(16 mark for NumDonformers) 10 condition)
<b>7</b> 1	(½ mark for NumPerformers>10 condition)
(ii)	To display Event name, Celebrity Id and Names of celebrities who have "Khan" anywhere in their names.
Ans	SELECT Event, Event.CelebrityId, Name
(ii)	FROM Event, Celebrity
	WHERE Event.CelebrityId = Celebrity.CelebrityId AND Name
	LIKE \%Khan%';
	OR
	SELECT Event, E.CelebrityId, Name
	FROM Event E, Celebrity C
	WHERE E.CelebrityId = C.CelebrityId AND Name LIKE
	\%Khan%';
	OR
	SELECT E.Event, E.CelebrityId, C.Name
	FROM Event E, Celebrity C
	WHERE E.CelebrityId = C.CelebrityId AND C.Name LIKE
	\%Khan%';
	(½ mark for SELECT)
	(½ mark for FROM)
	(½ mark for correct use of Join)
	(1/2 mark for Name LIKE \%Khan%' condition)
(iii)	To display Event name, Names of celebrities and Fee charged for those
(,	celebrities who charge more than 200000 .
	celebrities who charge more than 200000 .
Ans	celebrities who charge more than 200000 .  SELECT Event, Name, FeeCharged
Ans	celebrities who charge more than 200000 .  SELECT Event, Name, FeeCharged FROM Event, Celebrity
Ans	celebrities who charge more than 200000 .  SELECT Event, Name, FeeCharged
Ans	celebrities who charge more than 200000 .  SELECT Event, Name, FeeCharged  FROM Event, Celebrity  WHERE Event.CelebrityId = Celebrity.CelebrityId AND
Ans	<pre>celebrities who charge more than 200000 .  SELECT Event, Name, FeeCharged FROM Event, Celebrity WHERE Event.CelebrityId = Celebrity.CelebrityId AND FeeCharged &gt; 200000;</pre>
Ans	<pre>celebrities who charge more than 200000 .  SELECT Event, Name, FeeCharged FROM Event, Celebrity WHERE Event.CelebrityId = Celebrity.CelebrityId AND FeeCharged &gt; 200000; OR</pre>
Ans	<pre>celebrities who charge more than 200000 .  SELECT Event, Name, FeeCharged FROM Event, Celebrity WHERE Event.CelebrityId = Celebrity.CelebrityId AND FeeCharged &gt; 200000; OR SELECT Event, Name, FeeCharged</pre>
Ans	<pre>celebrities who charge more than 200000 .  SELECT Event, Name, FeeCharged FROM Event, Celebrity WHERE Event.CelebrityId = Celebrity.CelebrityId AND FeeCharged &gt; 200000; OR SELECT Event, Name, FeeCharged FROM Event E, Celebrity C</pre>
Ans	celebrities who charge more than 200000 .  SELECT Event, Name, FeeCharged FROM Event, Celebrity WHERE Event.CelebrityId = Celebrity.CelebrityId AND FeeCharged > 200000; OR SELECT Event, Name, FeeCharged FROM Event E, Celebrity C WHERE E.CelebrityId = C.CelebrityId AND FeeCharged >
Ans	<pre>celebrities who charge more than 200000 .  SELECT Event, Name, FeeCharged FROM Event, Celebrity WHERE Event.CelebrityId = Celebrity.CelebrityId AND FeeCharged &gt; 200000; OR SELECT Event, Name, FeeCharged FROM Event E, Celebrity C WHERE E.CelebrityId = C.CelebrityId AND FeeCharged &gt; 200000;</pre>
Ans	celebrities who charge more than 200000.  SELECT Event, Name, FeeCharged FROM Event, Celebrity WHERE Event.CelebrityId = Celebrity.CelebrityId AND FeeCharged > 200000; OR SELECT Event, Name, FeeCharged FROM Event E, Celebrity C WHERE E.CelebrityId = C.CelebrityId AND FeeCharged > 200000; OR
Ans	celebrities who charge more than 200000.  SELECT Event, Name, FeeCharged FROM Event, Celebrity WHERE Event.CelebrityId = Celebrity.CelebrityId AND FeeCharged > 200000; OR SELECT Event, Name, FeeCharged FROM Event E, Celebrity C WHERE E.CelebrityId = C.CelebrityId AND FeeCharged > 200000; OR SELECT Event, C.Name, C.FeeCharged
Ans	celebrities who charge more than 200000.  SELECT Event, Name, FeeCharged  FROM Event, Celebrity  WHERE Event.CelebrityId = Celebrity.CelebrityId AND  FeeCharged > 200000;  OR  SELECT Event, Name, FeeCharged  FROM Event E, Celebrity C  WHERE E.CelebrityId = C.CelebrityId AND FeeCharged > 200000;  OR  SELECT E.Event, C.Name, C.FeeCharged  FROM Event E, Celebrity C
Ans	<pre>celebrities who charge more than 200000 .  SELECT Event, Name, FeeCharged FROM Event, Celebrity WHERE Event.CelebrityId = Celebrity.CelebrityId AND FeeCharged &gt; 200000; OR SELECT Event, Name, FeeCharged FROM Event E, Celebrity C WHERE E.CelebrityId = C.CelebrityId AND FeeCharged &gt; 200000; OR SELECT E.Event, C.Name, C.FeeCharged FROM Event E, Celebrity C</pre> WHERE E.CelebrityId = C.CelebrityId AND C.FeeCharged FROM Event E, Celebrity C WHERE E.CelebrityId = C.CelebrityId AND C.FeeCharged > 200000;
Ans	celebrities who charge more than 200000.  SELECT Event, Name, FeeCharged FROM Event, Celebrity WHERE Event.CelebrityId = Celebrity.CelebrityId AND FeeCharged > 200000; OR SELECT Event, Name, FeeCharged FROM Event E, Celebrity C WHERE E.CelebrityId = C.CelebrityId AND FeeCharged > 200000; OR SELECT E.Event, C.Name, C.FeeCharged FROM Event E, Celebrity C WHERE E.CelebrityId = C.CelebrityId AND C.FeeCharged FROM Event E, Celebrity C WHERE E.CelebrityId = C.CelebrityId AND C.FeeCharged > 200000; (1/2 mark for SELECT)
Ans	celebrities who charge more than 200000.  SELECT Event, Name, FeeCharged FROM Event, Celebrity WHERE Event.CelebrityId = Celebrity.CelebrityId AND FeeCharged > 200000; OR SELECT Event, Name, FeeCharged FROM Event E, Celebrity C WHERE E.CelebrityId = C.CelebrityId AND FeeCharged > 200000; OR SELECT E.Event, C.Name, C.FeeCharged FROM Event E, Celebrity C WHERE E.CelebrityId = C.CelebrityId AND C.FeeCharged FROM Event E, Celebrity C WHERE E.CelebrityId = C.CelebrityId AND C.FeeCharged > 200000; (1/2 mark for SELECT) (1/2 mark for FROM)
Ans	celebrities who charge more than 200000.  SELECT Event, Name, FeeCharged FROM Event, Celebrity WHERE Event.CelebrityId = Celebrity.CelebrityId AND FeeCharged > 200000; OR SELECT Event, Name, FeeCharged FROM Event E, Celebrity C WHERE E.CelebrityId = C.CelebrityId AND FeeCharged > 200000; OR SELECT E.Event, C.Name, C.FeeCharged FROM Event E, Celebrity C WHERE E.CelebrityId = C.CelebrityId AND C.FeeCharged FROM Event E, Celebrity C WHERE E.CelebrityId = C.CelebrityId AND C.FeeCharged > 200000; (1/2 mark for SELECT)





Ans	2. Perso	e is usually a lack of internet/computer literacy amount nal interaction is limited in e-governance, so the is missing which disabled people need.	•				
	(1 mark each for any two disadvantages )						
(b)		online retailers usually offer customers a wider rangate at are lesser than those of traditional stores?	ge of products a				
Ans	that are	tailers usually offer customers a wider range of pr lesser than those of traditional stores because t tural and operational costs.	•				
	(1 mark j	for stating any valid reason)					
(c)	Help her TextField	y is creating a form for Vidya University Sports Cou to choose the most appropriate controls from List , TextArea, RadioButton, CheckBox, Label and Com ving entries.	Box, ComboBox				
	S.NO.	FUNCTION					
	1.	To let the user enter NAME					
	2.	To let the user enter MOBILE NUMBER					
	3.	To let the user choose one PROFESSION out of the Teaching / Non -Teaching/Research Scholar	e categories :				
	4.	To let the user select facilities out of Gym, Yoga, Badminton and Aerobics. More than one facility may	•				
Ans	S.NO.	FUNCTION	CONTROL				
	1.	To let the user enter NAME	TextField				
	2.	To let the user enter MOBILE NUMBER	TextField				
	3.	To let the user choose one PROFESSION out of the categories: Teaching / Non -Teaching/Research Scholar	RadioButton / Combo Box				
	4.	To let the user select facilities out of Gym, Yoga, Table Tennis, Badminton and Aerobics. More than one facility may be chosen	CheckBox / List Box				

